L. God saw that amphibians and reptiles were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 200 million years ago, warm-blooded mammals appeared for the first time, feeding milk to their little ones. First with a rodent-like appearance, they then evolved into a sacred line-up of incredible diversity. Prickly porcupines and scaly pangolins, tiny mice and towering giraffes, bouncing kangaroos and climbing monkeys, hairless hippos and furry bears, watery platypuses and waterless camels, electric squirrels and lazy sloths, fragile koalas and mighty tigers, long-eared rabbits and long-tusked elephants, and beyond.

L. God saw that mammals were good.

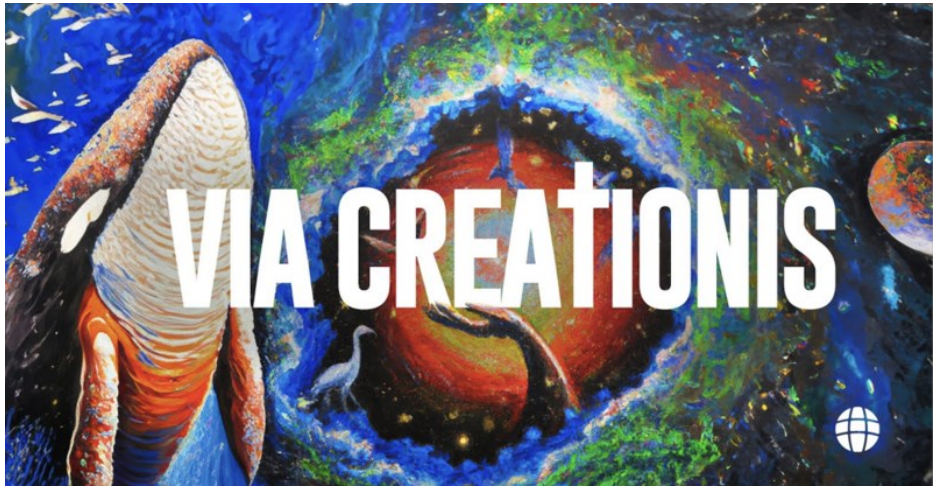
R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, dear Creator, for the sacred gift of land creatures.

R. Amen.

Optional: hymn, preferably of creation and/or praise themes.



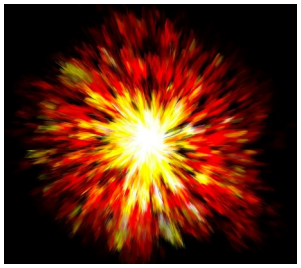
The Way of Creation

"When we contemplate with wonder the universe in all its grandeur and beauty, we must praise God."
Laudato Si' 238

"Scientific studies have splendidly enriched our knowledge of the age and dimensions of the cosmos, the development of life-forms and the appearance of humans. These discoveries invite us to even greater admiration for the greatness of the Creator."
Catechism of the Catholic Church, 283

1st Station

THE GOODNESS OF LIGHT



L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:1, 3-4):*

n the beginning… God said: Let there be light, and there was light. God saw that the light was good. God then separated the light from the darkness.

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

About 14 billion years ago, there was a bang – a very Big Bang. A sacred flaring forth. The universe began as the primordial flaring, a dramatic outburst. Mysteriously, without us understanding what happened before the first fraction of a second, a fiery microscopic fireball blew up, resulting in the most colossal of explosions. Energy of unthinkable proportions was released. Ardent matter was blasted in all directions. Eventually, there was light. A lot of light. The cosmos began to unfold.

L. God saw that the light was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, dear Creator, for the sacred gift of light.

R. Amen.

Optional: hymn, preferably of creation and/or praise themes.

7th Station

THE GOODNESS OF LAND CREATURES

L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:24-25):*

Then God said: Let the earth bring forth every kind of living creature: tame animals, crawling things, and every kind of wild animal. And so it happened: God made every kind of wild animal, every kind of tame animal, and every kind of thing that crawls on the ground. God saw that it was good.

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

About 500 million years ago, in tandem with the colonization of land by plants, the first insects appeared as well. They gradually evolved into all sorts of sacred landbound creatures: tiny ants and giant stick insects, communal termites and solitary mantids, colorful beetles and stealthy leaf insects, silent shield bugs and musical cicadas and crickets. Other invertebrates also proliferated, such as worms, snails, pill bugs, centipedes, millipedes, and spiders.

L. God saw that terrestrial invertebrates were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 370 million years ago, the first amphibians appeared. Feasting on insects and loving the water, they evolved into countless types of frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts. Some time later, about 320 million years ago, some evolved into reptiles with lungs and shelled eggs. They branched off into all sorts of forms and shapes – tiny lizards and giant dinosaurs, slithering snakes and rigid tortoises, climbing geckos and morphing chameleons. Sacred four-legged creatures began to take over the land.

After a long evolutionary journey in land, the first marine reptiles emerged about 250 million years ago and the first marine mammals about 50 million years ago. Still breathing air on the sea surface, they ventured into deeper waters and became great swimmers. Reptilian divers as marine dinosaurs, sea turtles, crocodiles, and marine iguanas, fin-footed creatures as seals, walruses, manatees, and dugongs, as well as full-fledged cetaceans as majestic whales, dolphins, orcas, and narwhals.

L. God saw that marine reptiles and mammals were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 390 million years ago, the first flying creatures emerged from water, an ancient species of dragonfly. All kinds of sacred flying insects would follow later, as flies, beetles, ladybugs, fireflies, grasshoppers, and pollinators as butterflies, moths, bees, and wasps.

L. God saw that flying insects were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

In parallel, after a long evolutionary journey as fish-turned-reptiles, birds eventually emerged about 150 million years ago. After mastering flying through their light feathers, they evolved into an awe-inspiring array of sacred flapping life. Giant condors and tiny sparrows, musical canaries and discreet hummingbirds, solitary eagles and dancing flocks of starlings, colorful parrots and camouflaged owls, running ostriches and swimming cormorants.

L. God saw that birds were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, dear Creator, for the sacred gift of water and air creatures.

R. Amen.

Optional: hymn, preferably of creation and/or praise themes.

2nd Station

THE GOODNESS OF CELESTIAL BODIES

L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:14, 16, 18):*

Then God said: Let there be lights in the dome of the sky… God made the two great lights, the greater one to govern the day, and the lesser one to govern the night, and the stars… God saw that it was good.

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

A few million years later, the materials released by the Big Bang – mostly hydrogen and helium – gradually cooled down and began to cluster, pulled by gravity. Eventually, the first stars were born. The dazzling spheres, releasing massive energy from the nuclear fusion in their cores, adorned the vast expanses of the early universe. Eventually, the primeval stars collapsed in massive explosions – also known as supernovas. These long cycles of stellar birth and collapse formed new chemical elements, essential for life to flourish later.

L. God saw that the stars were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Eventually, stars clustered into galaxies. These flying whirlpools of cosmic matter evolved into all kinds of beautiful shapes and colors, blending the gleaming white of the flocked stars together with the diverse palettes of clouds of dust and gases – yellow, orange, red, pink, purple, blue, and more. Throughout billions of years, the cosmos birthed at least a trillion of these stunning galaxies, each of them holding billions of stars.

L. God saw that the galaxies were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 6 billion years ago, in a random galaxy – our very own Milky Way Galaxy – yet another supernova took place. But this was a special one for us. An old star, the ancient mother of our Sun, ran out of fuel and collapsed through a massive explosion. A fabulous cloud of cosmic dust was released, fertile ground for new stars and planets to form. A fabulous cloud of cosmic dust from which we all come, containing everything ranging from the calcium in our bones to the carbon in our muscles, and beyond.

L. God saw that our ancestral supernova was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 4.6 billion years ago, out of remnants of that supernova explosion, a new star was born, the Sun. Our majestic Sun. Our sacred Sun.

L. God saw that the Sun was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Sometime after that, orbiting the Sun, the Earth and other planets formed, also coming from the same supernova debris. Earth was a fireball, a soup of molten rock. Our sacred Earth was full of creativity ready to be unleashed.

L. God saw that Earth was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Soon after, the Moon came into being and started orbiting Earth, most likely after the impact of a large body. The giant rock has been our faithful companion since then. Our sacred moon has adorned our night skies since then.

L. God saw that the Moon was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, dear Creator, for the sacred gift of celestial bodies.

R. Amen.

6th Station

THE GOODNESS OF WATER AND AIR CREATURES

L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word
you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:20-21):*

Then God said: Let the water teem with an abundance of living creatures, and on the earth let birds fly beneath the dome of the sky. God created the great sea monsters and all kinds of crawling living creatures with which the water teems, and all kinds of winged birds. God saw that it was good.

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

In parallel to the emergence of aquatic plants, about 600 million years ago, worms and jellyfish appeared in the seas. They featured the first nervous systems, allowing them to sense their environment and swim around. They then evolved into all sorts of sacred invertebrate creatures, with growing complexity and intelligence – molluscs, sea snails, trilobites, crabs, lobsters, shrimp, squids, octopus, and more. Curiously, evolution also entailed predation and extinction. Curiously, anticipating the Cross, life entailed death to evolve into further beauty and diversity.

L. God saw that aquatic invertebrates were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 500 million years ago, fish emerged. They featured cartilage and bones, which also protected their nervous system – a key development for further complexity. They evolved into countless types of sacred fish, ranging from tiny seahorses, eels, and coral fish, to huge sharks, swordfish, and manta rays – and everything in between.

L. God saw that fish were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

L. God saw that conifers were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Later on, about 130 million years ago, the first flowers bloomed and their corresponding fruits ripened. An explosion of flowering plants transformed the face of the earth. Wildflowers, grasses, shrubs, climbing plants, broad-leaf trees, and cacti evolved into all sorts of colors and forms. They come together in lush rainforests, vast grasslands and savannas, dense mangrove and boreal forests, and even overcame the harshness of arid deserts and icy tundras. Sacred plants with their exuberant array of flowers have adorned our beautiful earth since then.

L. God saw that flowering plants were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, Dear Creator, for the sacred gift of plants.

R. Amen.

Optional: hymn, preferably of creation and/or praise themes.

3rd Station

THE GOODNESS OF THE SKY

L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word
you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:6, 8):*

Then God said: Let there be a dome in the middle of the waters, to separate one body of water from the other. God made the dome, and it separated the water below the dome from the water above the dome. And so it happened. God called the dome “sky.”

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

In parallel, about 4.44 billion years ago, a dome started to ensemble, stretching as a thin blanket covering Earth. The primeval atmosphere was made mainly from gasses escaping from the planet’s boiling core. As the sky dome gradually built up, it started protecting Earth from incoming asteroids and comets as well as from solar radiation, while also creating the pressure needed for liquid water to form. As the dome evolved, it eventually became the sacred air we now breathe.

L. God saw that the sky was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, dear Creator, for the sacred gift of the sky.

R. Amen.

Optional: hymn, preferably of creation and/or praise themes.

4th Station

THE GOODNESS OF EARTH AND SEA

L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word
you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:9-10):*

Then God said: Let the water under the sky be gathered into a single basin, so that the dry land may appear. And so it happened: the water under the sky was gathered into its basin, and the dry land appeared. God called the dry land "earth," and the basin of water he called "sea." God saw that it was good.

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

Soon after, about 4.43 billion years ago, Earth gradually cooled and its surface of molten rock turned into a crust of rock. A beautiful shell of sacred rock.

L. God saw that the Earth's crust was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

In parallel, the water vapor escaping through volcanoes from its boiling interior formed clouds that discharged rain. A lot of rain. The process lasted a very long time, drenching the young planet and gradually forming majestic seas. A never-ending dance of waves and currents suffused the sacred seas.

L. God saw that the sea was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Eventually, the first algae emerged, the very first plants – of microscopic size for starters, then increasingly larger. Sacred algae came in many forms – pond scum, seaweeds, giant kelps, and more.

L. God saw that algae were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Eventually, some shore-dwelling algae evolved to survive outside of water – the first mosses emerged, the tiny ancestors of all terrestrial plants. Cushy green mats began to carpet rocks by the shores. They proliferated into various species and eventually developed the first vascular tissues, with tubes transporting water and nutrients to grow larger. This is how ferns and other leafed plants were born. Reproducing via spores, they evolved into many shapes and forms, including tree ferns with solid trunks. Sacred forests began to take over the land.

L. God saw that moss and ferns were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

In parallel, and essential for plants to thrive, a blanket of soil began to develop on top of rocks. Microbes, fungi (which also evolved in fascinating ways), and other creatures transformed dead plants into sacred soil to feed and sustain later generations of bigger plants.

L. God saw that soil was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Sometime later, about 300 million years ago, conifers emerged. Featuring the first seeds in iconic cones and needle-like leaves, dense forests began to form also in colder and more arid regions. Spectacular cathedrals proliferated, with thick columns of cedars, pines, cypresses, redwoods, spruces, and more, reaching colossal sizes in some cases.

L. God saw that conifers were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

5th Station

THE GOODNESS OF PLANTS

L. We adore you, O Creator, and we bless you.

R. Because by your holy Word
you have created the world.

A reading from the Book of Genesis *(1:11-12):*

Then God said: Let the earth bring forth vegetation: every kind of plant that bears seed and every kind of fruit tree on earth that bears fruit with its seed in it. And so it happened: the earth brought forth vegetation: every kind of plant that bears seed and every kind of fruit tree that bears fruit with its seed in it. God saw that it was good.

A reading from the Book of Creation*:*

About 3.5 billion years ago, water enabled the stupendous to happen: life emerged. The first single-celled microorganism was born in the sea. The miracle of life burst forth.

L. God saw that life was good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 2.7 billion years ago, cyanobacteria became the first oxygen producers using photosynthesis. Precious oxygen gradually started to build up in the dome of the sky.

L. God saw that cyanobacteria were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Over 1 billion years ago, cells joined with each other for survival and development – the first multicellular organisms were born. Life started to become increasingly complex and diverse, including the first sea sponges. The sacred community of living beings multiplied faster and faster.

L. God saw that multicellular beings were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

The incessant parade of clouds also meant that water soaked the land. Flowing water came together in countless streams and rivers. Lakes, lagoons, and wetlands were formed along the way. In the coldest places, snow and mighty glaciers dominated the scene. Sacred water blessed all corners of the globe.

L. God saw that freshwater bodies were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Over billions of years, water and sky molded the Earth's rocks into all sorts of sculptures, stones, pebbles, sand grains, and clay. A sacred blanket of rocky ornaments covered the earth.

L. God saw that rock materials were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

About 335 million years ago, the "supercontinent" Pangea emerged, with a vast ocean surrounding it. About 175 million years ago, Pangea started to break apart, gradually becoming the seven continents, with a myriad of islands in between. They were adorned with all sorts of mountains, hills, plateaus, and plains. A rich array of sacred landscapes.

L. God saw that continents and islands were good.

R. For the goodness of all Creation, praise be to God!

Optional: silence and/or sensorial reflection about the station's theme, based on natural elements at hand.

L. Thank you, Dear Creator, for the sacred gift of the earth and the sea.

R. Amen.

Optional: hymn, preferably of creation and/or praise themes.